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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
|--|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|
| 10/049,368 | 05/09/2002 | Harald Bruessow | 112843-041 | 343-041 1115 | | |
| 29157 7: | 590 12/16/2003 | | EXAM | EXAMINER | | |
| BELL, BOYE | & LLOYD LLC | WARE, DE | WARE, DEBORAH K | | | |
| P. O. BOX 1135 CHICAGO, IL 60690-1135 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| , | | | 1651 | | | |

DATE MAILED: 12/16/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | 10/049,368 | | BRUESSOW ET AL. | | | | | |
| | | Examiner | | Art Unit | | | | | |
| | | Deborah K. Ware | | 1651 | | | | | |
| | The MAILING DATE of this communication | | | rrespondence ac | ldress | | | | |
| Period for Reply | | | | | | | | | |
| THE I - External after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any i | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOnsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, to period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pere to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by seeply received by the Office later than three months after the need patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, howevent. The incomplete is a reply within the statutory mining a reply will apply and will expire Statute, cause the application to | ver, may a reply be time mum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from th become ABANDONED | oly filed will be considered timel the mailing date of this c (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | | |
| | Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>6</u> |)2 Mav 2003. | | | | | | | |
| | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final. | | | | | | | | |
| • | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ | 4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | | |
| 5) | 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | | | |
| | 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | | | |
| | Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | | | | |
| | on Papers | | | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | |
| 10) | 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | | | |
| 11) | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | | | | | | | |
| 12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | | | | | |
| a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | | | | |
| * 0 | application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) | | | | | | | | | |
| since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. | | | | | | | | | |
| 37 CFR 1.78. | | | | | | | | | |
| | a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific | | | | | | | | |
| reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. | | | | | | | | | |
| Attachment | t(s) | | | | | | | | |
| | e of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) 🗌 Ir | nterview Summary (F | PTO-413) Paper No(s | s) | | | | |
| 2) 🔲 Notic | e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) |) 5) 🗌 N | lotice of Informal Pat | | | | | | |
| 3) 🔼 Inform | nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No | (s) 6) [] C | other: . | | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-9 are presented for examination on the merits.

Information Disclosure Statement

The IDS filed has been received and references have been considered as indicated on the enclosed PTO-1449 Form.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

Since the microorganism strain is recited in the claims, it is essential to the invention recited in those claims. It must therefore be obtainable by a repeatable method set forth in the specification or otherwise be readily available to the public. If the microorganism is not so obtainable or available, the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112 may be satisfied by a deposit of the microorganism. The specification does not

disclose a repeatable process to obtain the microorganism and it is not apparent if the microorganism is readily available to the public. It is noted that applicants have deposited the organism but there is no indication in the specification as to public availability.

If the deposit is made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or declaration by applicants, or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature and registration number, stating that the specific strain will be irrevocably and without restriction or condition released to the public upon the issuance of a patent, would satisfy the deposit requirement made herein.

If the deposit has not been made under the Budapest Treaty, then in order to certify that the deposit meets the criteria set forth in 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.801-1.809, applicants may provide assurance of compliance by an affidavit or declaration, or by a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature and registration number, showing that: (a) during the pendency of this application, access to the invention will be afforded to the Commissioner upon request;

- (b) all restrictions upon availability to the public will be irrevocably removed upon granting of the patent;
- (c) the deposit will be maintained in a public depository for a period of 30 years or 5 years after the last request or for the effective life of the patent, whichever is longer; and
 - (d) the deposit will be replaced if it should ever become inviable.

 Applicant is directed to 37 CFR § 1.807(b) which states:

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(b) A viability statement for each deposit of a biological material defined in paragraph (a) of this section not made under the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the Purposes of Patent Procedure must be filed in the application and must contain:

(1) The name and address of the depository; (2) The name and address of the depositor; (3) The date of deposit;

- (4) The identity of the deposit and the accession number given by the depository:
 - (5) The date of the viability test;

(6) The procedures used to

obtain a sample if the test is not done by the depository; and

(7) A statement that the deposit is capable of reproduction.

Applicant is also directed to 37 CFR § 1.809(d) which states:

- (d) For each deposit made pursuant to these regulations, the specification shall contain:
- (1) The accession number for the deposit;
- (2) The date of the deposit; (3) A description of the deposited biological material sufficient to specifically identify it and to permit examination; and
- (4) The name and address of the depository.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-6 provide for the use of a probiotic or bacterial product, but, since the claims do not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under

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35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

Claims 4 and 6 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim should depend from another claim in the alternative form only. See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claim 4 is dependent from any preceding claim which would be claims 1-3. Claim 6 objection will be obviated with the correction for claim 4.

Claim 5 is object to because it depends from itself and is most likely typo.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was

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not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1–4 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over McFlarland, cited on enclosed PTO-1449 Form.

The claims are drawn to use of a lactic acid bacterium as a probiotic.

McFarland teach the probiotic useful as a food such as a yogurt which contains Bifiodbacterium longum, see page 74, second full column, all lines. The yogurt is an ingestible carrier for the bacterium.

The claims are identical to the cited disclosure of McFarland and are considered to be anticipated by the teachings therein. However, if there is some difference between the probiotic of the claimed invention and McFarland then such difference is considered to be so slight as to render the claims obvious over McFarland. The strain CNCM I-2168 is considered to be no different than the Bifidobacterium strain of the cited disclosure and possessing the same identical characteristics thereof. Thus, in the absence of a side by side comparison then the strain is considered to be the same organism as disclosed by the cited reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McFarland, as discussed above.

Claim is drawn to specific cfu (colony forming units) of the bacterium.

McFarland disclose several ranges of which are similar to that which is claimed herein. Thus, to select for a range of cfus of bacteria is clearly within the range of the skilled artisan and one of skill would have been motivated by McFarland to select for the appropriate range in order to yield successful results of which McFarland discloses to be obtainable. The claim is *prima facie* obvious.

All claims fail to be patentably distinguishable over the state of the art discussed above and cited on the enclosed PTO-892 and/or PTO-1449. Therefore, the claims are properly rejected.

The remaining references listed on the enclosed PTO-892 and/or PTO-1449 are cited to further show the state of the art.

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah K. Ware whose telephone number is 308-4245. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Wityshyn can be reached on 308-4743. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 305-3592.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-0196.

PATENT EXAMINER

Deborah K. Ware December 12, 2003